WAGGA WAGGA LGA

DATABOOK

MPHN HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT 2022-2025



















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Murrumbidgee Primary Health Network acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of the land in the Murrumbidgee region. We pay respect to past and present Elders of this land: the Wiradjuri, Yorta Yorta, Baraba Baraba, Wemba Wemba and Nari Nari peoples.

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firsthealth Limited trading as Murrumbidgee Primary Health Network (ABN 15 111 520 168).

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While the Australian Government Department of Health has contributed to the funding of this material, the information contained in it does not necessarily reflect the views of the Australian Government and is not advice that is provided, or information that is endorsed by, the Australian Government. The Australian Government is not liable in negligence or otherwise for any injury, loss or damage however arising from the use of or reliance on the information provided in this material.

HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT PROCESS

The Murrumbidgee Health Needs Assessment, in line with the firstHealth Board endorsed framework, with governance provided by Clinical Councils, the Community Advisory Committee and the Planning and Integration sub-committee, uses a population approach to needs assessment using person centred planning with a strong commitment to community input.

Murrumbidgee Primary Health Network (MPHN) analyses data from robust gold standard comparable sources such as the Australian Bureau of Statistics and Australian Institute of Health and Welfare in the first instance supplemented by other sources. A decision-making tool is used at MPHN which identifies and prioritises needs based on variables that score local impact relative to national data, where MPHN is in the lowest third of the nation. Further, a Data Prioritisation Tool (refer page 24 for details) is used at a Local Government Area (LGA) level to identify areas where issues/needs are higher in comparison to the New South Wales (NSW) and Murrumbidgee averages. This highlights the LGAs in the lower half of the Murrumbidgee region and is summarised separately in the region profiles on MPHN's website. The matrix scoring is described at the end of this document in more detail. Throughout this document variables scoring three or greater using the matrix are denoted by their respective colour coding, these variables are likely to have higher impact within this LGA.

The use of an LGA approach ensures we are working in alignment with the Murrumbidgee Local Health District (MLHD) health clusters. This allows a more considered co-ordinated approach to services and reduces on duplication of service delivery.

Inequity in healthcare remains a significant issue for many areas in the Murrumbidgee region. Comprehensive socio-economic profiling allows identification of areas where this may affect uptake of healthcare services and consequent poorer health outcomes for those living in these areas. MPHN emphasises in identification of priorities for the region the particular local government areas where efforts should be concentrated in order to address the inequity.

Monitoring of emerging health conditions remains a priority for MPHN with ongoing consultations aimed at identification of emerging issues and subsequent interventions.

MPHN undertakes consultation with key partners, health professionals and community members. Multiple formats are used to undertake these consultations including:

CONVERSATIONS ON THE COUCH

A community consultation approach to capture the needs of people who would not normally engage through a formal process. Community members are invited to meet in a neutral location with high thoroughfare to allow people to chat MPHN staff in a face-to-face environment to discuss health matters important to them. There is no set agenda or questions and is simply an opportunity for people to let MPHN know about health matters important to them and their community. Information gathered during these conversations is collected and used to help MPHN better understand the health needs of our communities.

YARNS ON THE COUCH

Yarns on the Couch is an extension of our Conversations on the Couch with a focus on Aboriginal health. Data collected at both activities is used to help guide the Health Needs Assessment.

HNA COMMUNITY FEEDBACK

There are two options for survey feedback, one short form survey called HNA Mini, and one longer form survey of 17 questions called HNA Community Feedback. Both these survey mechanisms have also been modified to target Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, or those who care for this population group. All these surveys are available year-round and aim to gather information about emerging health needs.

OTHER FEEDBACK MECHANISMS

There are several other opportunities for MPHN to capture feedback from our stakeholders. This includes, but not limited to:

- Incidental feedback from community and health care practitioners to MPHN staff during the normal course of business operations.
- An audit annually of general practice and health care providers to inform workforce capacity.
- MPHN co-design and formal consultation with specific population groups as part of commissioned project work.
- Engagement with MPHN's partners in our various consortium, alliance and steering committee groups. These groups cover various issues relating to Aboriginal health; older people and aged care; mental health, alcohol and other drug, and suicide prevention and aftercare; chronic disease; and emergency response.
- Engagement and feedback with Local Health Advisory Committees (LHACS) which are situated in 33 locations throughout the Murrumbidgee region.
- Feedback from MPHN's governance members, including Board Directors, and members the Community Advisory Committee and four Clinical Councils.
- Review of data collected by its commissioned services throughout the year and other internal data sources to confirm service provision and identify service gaps that may exist.
- · Media and social media monitoring for local emerging health needs and issues.

Once all information is gathered and analysed by MPHN, data is provided back to communities and health providers for validation of the developed priorities from the data.

DATA DISCLAIMER

This report is presented for the purpose of disseminating information for the benefit of people living in Murrumbidgee communities. The report includes data freely available on public websites such as the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare and the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Data in this report remain confidential and primarily for MPHN's internal use. This report may be shared externally with express permission at the discretion of MPHN's CEO. If the latter is the case data may be used by an external organisation for planning purposes but should not be shared outside that organisation.

Data from Commonwealth secure confidential websites have not been included in this report. Data have not been interpreted.

MPHN has taken all steps to ensure the information in this report is as accurate as possible and correct at time of report. Data may vary to other publically available sources due to differing sources accessed.

MPHN does not guarantee, and accepts no legal liability whatsoever arising from, or connected to, the use of any material contained in this report. MPHN recommends users exercise their own skill and care with respect to use of this report.

Contact for data queries: hna@mphn.org.au

WAGGA WAGGA LGA



POSTCODE	TOWNS
2330	Westbrook
2650	Alfredtown, Ashmont, Belfrayden, Big Springs, Bomen, Book Book, Borambola, Boorooma, Brucedale, Bulgary, Burrandana, Cartwrights Hill, Collingullie, Currawarna, Downside, East Wagga Wagga, Estella, Euberta, Eunanoreenya, Gelston Park, Glenfield Park, Gregadoo, Hillgrove, Kooringal, Kyeamba, Lake Albert, Lloyd, Maxwell, Mount Austin, Oberne Creek, Oura, Pulletop, Rowan, San Isidore, South Wagga Wagga, Springvale, Tatton, The Gap, Tolland, Turvey Park, Wagga Wagga, Wagga Wagga North, Wallacetown (borders with Junee), Westby, Yarragundry
2651	Forest Hill
2652	Gumly Gumly, Humula, Ladysmith, Mangoplah, Tarcutta, Uranquinty
2661	Kapooka

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Wagga Wagga Local Government Area (LGA) is the most populated LGA within the Murrumbidgee Primary Health Network (MPHN), and second in population density for the Murrumbidgee region. Wagga Wagga has the only major regional referral hospital in the region.

Wagga Wagga is made up of multiple suburbs. Median weekly household income varies considerably between suburbs (Highest= \$3,185 in Springvale; Lowest= \$944 in Ashmont), as does the socio-economic index, with four suburbs less than the NSW index score.

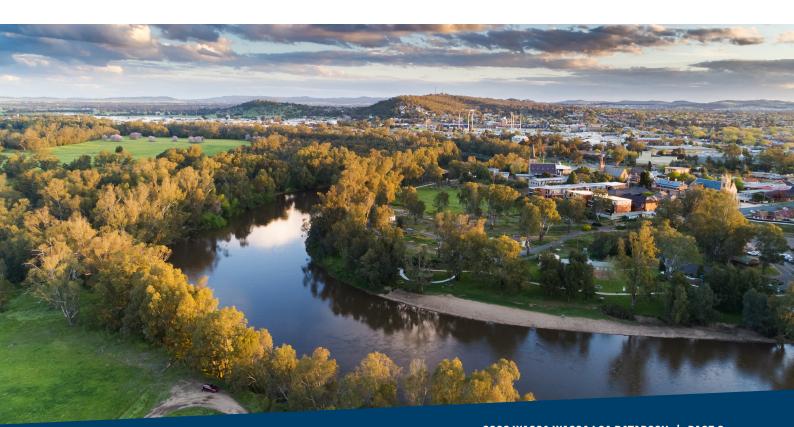
Estimated growth between 2021 to 2041 in Wagga Wagga LGA is expected to be 18.7 per cent with growth across all age groups, but in greater among the those aged greater than or equal to 65 years. Wagga Wagga has a similar total fertility rate compared to the Murrumbidgee region and NSW. The Wagga Wagga region is comparable to other MPHN LGAs for the proportion of its population born in Australia.

The population of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people is 6.7 per cent, which is higher than the Murrumbidgee average (5.8 per cent) and NSW (3.5 per cent) average. Compared to the NSW average for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population, a higher proportion of Wagga Wagga's Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population is aged 0-14 years.

Premature deaths are higher in males and females in the Wagga Wagga LGA compared to NSW and the Murrumbidgee region rates. Premature deaths from cancer, circulatory system diseases, diabetes, and ischaemic heart disease are higher in the Wagga Wagga LGA than both the Murrumbidgee region and NSW. The incidence rates for prostate cancer, breast cancer and bowel cancer are all higher than the Murrumbidgee region and NSW averages.

When contrasted the NSW and other LGAs across the Murrumbidgee region, Wagga Wagga LGA has a higher prevalence of those aged greater than or equal to 15 years, and those aged 0-14 years who report living with a mental health condition, such as depression or anxiety.

The rates of sexual and domestic assault are higher in Wagga Wagga LGA compared to the Murrumbidgee and NSW. In contrast, the rate of liquor offences in the LGA are lower than the Murrumbidgee average but higher than the NSW average. The rates of use or possession of cocaine and ecstasy in the Wagga Wagga region is higher than both the Murrumbidgee and NSW average.



POPULATION AND GEOGRAPHY

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION	POPULATION CHANGE Between 2021-2041	LGA AREA KM²	POPULATION DENSITY PERSONS/KM ²			
2021 — ABS						
N=242,976 67,609	7,432 (18.7%)	4,825	13.8			

ESTIMATED POPULATION CHANGE 2021-2041						
2021 — NSW PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT						
UNDER 19 YEARS	UNDER 19 YEARS 20-64 YEARS 65+ YEARS TOTAL YEARS					
2021 N=17,862 2041 N=17,459 -403 (-2.3%)	2021 N=37,303 2041 N=39,538 2,235 (6.0%)	2021 N=10,670 2041 N=16,271 5,610 (52.4%)	2021 N=65,835 2041 N=73,267 7,432 (18.7%)			

TOWN BASED POPULATIONS AND DEMOGRAPHY

	POPULATION	MEDIAN AGE	NUMBER PRIVATE Dwellings	AVERAGE PEOPLE PER HOUSEHOLD	NUMBER OF FAMILIES	AVERAGE Children Per Family
			2021 — ABS			
Ashmont	3,747	36	1,674	2.3	919	1.9
Estella	2,541	34	1,023	2.6	623	1.9
Forest Hill	3,081	25	983	2.8	658	2.0
Glenfield Park	5,078	35	2,175	2.4	1,389	1.9
Kooringal	7,404	35	3,304	2.4	1,966	2.0
Lake Albert	6,291	43	2,519	2.6	1,809	1.9
Mount Austin	4,035	37	1,829	2.3	939	1.9
Springvale	1,851	41	566	3.4	504	2.2
Tatton	2,560	40	932	2.8	688	2.0
Tolland	3,459	34	1,515	2.5	878	2.0
Turvey Park	3,572	35	1,536	2.5	949	1.9
Wagga Wagga	7,189	38	3,960	1.7	3,960	1.9

	MEDIAN WEEKLY Household income	MEDIAN MONTHLY Mortgage repayment	MEDIAN WEEKLY Rent			
2021 — ABS						
Ashmont	\$994	\$1,103	\$220			
Estella	\$1,920	\$1,667	\$380			
Forest Hill	\$1,788	\$1,300	\$310			
Glenfield Park	\$1,508	\$1,406	\$330			
Kooringal	\$1,404	\$1,324	\$270			
Lake Albert	\$1,891	\$1,625	\$340			
Mount Austin	\$1,124	\$1,148	\$250			
Springvale	\$3,185	\$2,232	\$420			
Tatton	\$2,337	\$1,939	\$385			
Tolland	\$1,207	\$1,300	\$220			
Turvey Park	\$1,785	\$1,517	\$338			
Wagga Wagga	\$1,355	\$1,517	\$295			

POPULATION OTHER TOWNS					
2021 — ABS					
Alfredtown	80	Hillgrove	30		
Belfrayden	12	Humula	129		
Big Springs	1,358	Kapooka	395		
Bomen	40	Kyeamba	67		
Book Book	130	Ladysmith	39		
Boorooma	1,741	Lloyd	1,509		
Borambola	117	Mangoplah	291		
Brucedale	184	Maxwell	90		
Bulgary	13	Oberne Creek	49		
Burrandana	23	Oura	246		
Cartwrights Hill	169	Pulletop	67		
Collingullie	258	Rowan	105		
Currawarna	194	San Isidore	349		
Downside	124	Tarcutta	425		
Euberta	139	The Gap	76		
Eunanoreenya	165	Uranquinty	910		
Gelston Park	160	Westbrook	151		
Gregadoo	274	Yarragundry	72		
Gumly Gumly	450				

DEMOGRAPHY

SEIFA						
2016 — ABS						
	INDEX SCORE (BASED ON Australian Score of 1000)	MINIMUM SCORE FOR Sa1s in Area	MAXIMUM SCORE FOR Sa1s in Area			
NSW	1,001.7	323	1184			
MPHN	969.9	478	1144			
Wagga Wagga Shire	1,000	494	1144			
Ashmont	779					
Estella	1,068					
Forest Hill	1,000					
Glenfield Park	1,014					
Kooringal	970					
Lake Albert	1,056					
Mount Austin	841					
Springvale	1,122					
Tatton	1,094					
Tolland	847					
Turvey Park	1,025					
Wagga Wagga	1,000					

AGE GROUPS								
	2020 — ERP							
	PERSONS 0-14 YEARS	PERSONS 15-24 Years	PERSONS 25-44 Years	PERSONS 45-64 YEARS	PERSONS 65+ Years	PERSONS 70+ Years	PERSONS 75+ Years	PERSONS 85+ Years
NSW	18.5%	12.8%	28.0%	24.6%	15.7%	10.7%	7.0%	2.2%
MPHN	MPHN 19.6% 12.0% 22.6% 25.7% 18.9% 13.3% 8.7% 2.7%							
Wagga Wagga	13,599 (20.7%)	9,406 (14.3%)	17,384 (26.4%)	15,006 (22.8%)	10,375 (15.8)	5,811 (10.9%)	4,617 (7.0%)	1,380 (2.1%)

GENDER						
2021 — ABS						
MALES FEMALES						
	N	%	N	%		
NSW	3,984,166	49.4	4,087,995	50.6		
MPHN	125,500	50.3	126,798	49.7		
Wagga Wagga	32,883	48.6	34,728	51.4		

EDUCATION					
		2020 — ABS			
	PEOPLE WHO LEFT SCHOOL AT Year 10 or Below, or Did Not Go to School	FULL-TIME PARTICIPATION In Secondary School Education at age 16	PARTICIPATION IN VOCATIONAL Education and Training - Non-indigenous population	SCHOOL LEAVER Participation in Higher Education	
NSW	33.0 per 100	84.1%	17.8 per 100	28.3%	
MPHN	42.0 per 100	74.2%	18.6 per 100	10.9%	
Wagga Wagga	40.9 per 100	74.2%	18.2 per 100	15.4%	

EMPLOYMENT				
2020 — ABS				
	LEARNING OR EARNING AT AGES 15 TO 19	UNEMPLOYMENT		
NSW	85.0%	4.9%		
MPHN	81.7%	4.8%		
Wagga Wagga	7,833 (84.1%)	2,079 (5.7%)		

WEEKLY INCOME					
	2021 — ABS				
	LESS THAN \$650 TOTAL Household Weekly Income	MORE THAN \$3,000 TOTAL Household Weekly Income			
NSW	16.3%	26.9%			
MPHN	22.3%	13.9%			
Wagga Wagga	16.8%	19.4%			

EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT							
2020 — ABS							
	AGE PENSIONERS DISABILITY SUPPORT PENSIONERS FEMALE SOLE PARENT PENSIONERS						
NSW	59.0%	4.6%	3.1%				
MPHN	60.3% 6.3% 5.4%						
Wagga Wagga	6,373 (61.4)	2,260 (5.5%)	888 (5.0)				
	PEOPLE RECEIVING AN UNEMPLOYMENT Benefit	PEOPLE RECEIVING AN UNEMPLOYMENT Benefit long-term	YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 16 TO 24 RECEIVING An Unemployment Benefit				
NSW	6.2%	5.6%	5.0%				
MPHN	7.1%	6.4%	6.1%				
Wagga Wagga	2,771 (6.8%)	2,521 (6.1%)	391 (7.0%)				

INCOME SUPPORT					
		2020 — ABS			
	LOW INCOME, WELFARE- Dependent families (with Children)	HEALTH CARE CARD Holders	PENSIONER CONCESSION CARD Holders	SENIORS HEALTH CARD Holders	
NSW	4.6%	6.7%	21.1%	10.9%	
MPHN	5.4%	7.3%	27.3%	10.3%	
Wagga Wagga	878 (5.6%)	4,472 (8.1%)	11,808 (22.2%)	1,207 (11.6%)	

HOUSEHOLDS					
2020 — ABS					
	HOUSEHOLDS IN DWELLINGS RECEIVING RENT ASSISTANCE FROM The Australian Government	DWELLINGS RENTED FROM THE GOVERNMENT HOUSING Authority			
NSW	18.3%	4.7%			
MPHN	17.9%	3.4%			
Wagga Wagga	4,636 (12.6%)	1,146 (1.5%)			

HOUSEHOLDS				
2020 — ABS				
	*MORTGAGE STRESS	*RENTAL STRESS		
NSW	9.6%	27.9%		
MPHN	8.2%	25.7%		
Wagga Wagga	512 (6.8%)	4,456 (27.1%)		

^{*}Low income households (households in bottom 40% of income distribution)

FAMILIES FAMILIES					
	2018 — ABS				
	SINGLE PARENT FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN AGED LESS THAN 15 YEARS	JOBLESS FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN AGED LESS THAN 15 YEARS	*CHILDREN IN FAMILIES WHERE THE Mother has low educational Attainment		
NSW	19.9%	12.0%	19.6%		
MPHN	23.5%	13.2 %	25.0%		
Wagga Wagga	1,591 (24.7%)	831 (12.9%)	3,109 (24.5%)		

^{*}Children aged less than 15 years living in families where the female parent's highest level of schooling was year 10 or below/female parent did not attend school

ETHNICITY ETHNICITY						
	2018 — ABS					
	AUSTRALIAN-BORN POPULATION	PEOPLE BORN (OVERSEAS) IN Predominantly English Speaking Countries	PEOPLE BORN IN PREDOMINANTLY NON- English speaking countries			
NSW	65.5%	6.7%	21.1%			
MPHN	82.2%	3.2%	5.4%			
Wagga Wagga	52,510 (84.2%)	1,932 (3.1%)	3,909 (5.3%)			

ETHNICITY ETHNICITY					
	2018 — ABS				
PEOPLE BORN IN A PREDOMINANTLY NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY RESIDENT IN AUSTRALIA FOR FIVE YEARS OR MORE PEOPLE BORN IN A PREDOMINANTLY NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING (NES) COUNTRY PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH PEOPLE BORN OVERSEAS REPORTING POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH POOR POOR PROFICIENCY IN ENGLISH POOR POOR PROFICIENCY IN E					
NSW	16.1%	4.1%	3.4%		
MPHN	3.6%	1.4%	0.9%		
Wagga Wagga	2,370 (3.8%)	1,363 (2.2%)	428 (0.7%)		

ETHNICITY					
	2020 — ABS				
COUNTRY	WAGGA WAGGA	NSW	MPHN		
China	264 (0.4%)	(3.1%)	(0.2%)		
India	651 (1.0%)	(1.9%)	(0.9%)		
Italy	50 (0.1%)	(0.7%)	(0.6%)		
Vietnam	53 (0.1%)	(1.1%)	(0.1%)		
Philippines	423 (0.7%)	(1.2%)	(0.5%)		
Malaysia	113 (0.2%)	(0.4%)	(0.1%)		
Germany	127 (0.2%)	(0.4%)	(0.2%)		
Greece	28 (>0.1%)	(0.4%)	(0.0%)		
Sri Lanka	132 (0.2%)	(0.4%)	(0.1%)		
Lebanon	264 (0.4%)	(3.1%)	(0.2%)		

DWELLINGS WITH NO MOTOR VEHICLE				
2016 — ABS				
NSW	9.2%			
MPHN	5.4%			
Wagga Wagga	1,325 (5.9%)			

ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER PEOPLE

INDIGENOUS STATUS						
2020 — ERP						
	ABORIGINAL POPULATION AS PROPORTION OF TOTAL POPULATION					
	NUMBER %					
NSW	288,565	3.5				
MPHN	MPHN 15,408 5.8					
Wagga Wagga	4,633	6.7				

INDIGENOUS STATUS								
2020 — ERP (NON-ABS)								
0-4 YEARS 5-9 YEARS 10-14 YEARS 15-19 YEARS								
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
NSW	35,878	12.4	32,475	11.3	30,562	10.6	27,034	9.4
MPHN	2,036	13.2	1,809	11.7	1,754	11.4	1,421	9.2
Wagga Wagga	672	14.5	595	12.8	541	11.7	454	9.8
	20-24	YEARS	25-29	/EARS	30-34\	/EARS	35-39	YEARS
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
NSW	25,822	8.9	23,468	8.1	18,297	6.3	15,880	5.5
MPHN	1,330	8.6	1,127	7.3	981	6.4	852	5.5
Wagga Wagga	443	9.6	364	7.9	296	6.4	255	5.5
	40-44	YEARS	45-49 YEARS		50-54 YEARS		55-59 YEARS	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
NSW	13,315	4.6	14,480	5.0	13,599	4.7	11,881	4.1
MPHN	679	4.4	678	4.4	708	4.6	662	4.3
Wagga Wagga	197	4.3	204	4.4	159	3.4	161	3.5
		60-64	4 YEARS			65+ \	YEARS	
	NUI	NUMBER %		NUME	BER	9/	Ó	
NSW	9,:	9,585 3.3		16,290 5.6		6		
MPHN	4	486 3.2		885		5.	7	
Wagga Wagga	1	109 2.4 184		4	4.0			

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION					
2020 — ABS					
	PARTICIPATION IN VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING - ABORIGINAL POPULATION				
NUMBER ASR PER 1,000					
NSW	50,250	17.8			
MPHN 2,715 18.6					
Wagga Wagga	88	20.4			

CANCER SCREENING					
2015 TO 2016 — ABS					
	BREAST SCREENING - ABORIGINAL WOMEN 50 - 69 YEARS				
	NUMBER %				
NSW	15845	38.2			
MPHN 852 32.5					
Wagga Wagga	175	39.5			

MOTHERS, BABIES AND CHILDREN

TOTAL FERTILITY RATE					
2020 — ABS					
BIRTHS TOTAL FERTILITY RATE					
NSW	95,459	1.73			
MPHN	2,949	2.26			
Wagga Wagga	954	2.06			

MOTHERS AND BABIES					
2017 TO 20019 — ABS					
LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BABIES SMOKING DURING PREGNANCY					
	LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BABIES	% LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BABIES	SMOKING DURING PREGNANCY	% SMOKING DURING Pregnancy	
NSW	14,579	5.2	25,876	9.0	
MPHN	309	4.5	1,488	17.1	
Wagga Wagga	137	5.5	431	16.8	

IMMUNISATION IMMUNISATION						
2018 — ABS						
	CHILDREN FULLY IMMUNISED CHILDREN FULLY IMMUNISED AT 1 YEAR OF AGE AT 2 YEARS OF AGE				CHILDREN FULLY IMMUNISED At 5 years of age	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
NSW	90,965	94.0	90,512	90.2	97,477	94.6
MPHN	2,770	95.2	2,777	93.2	2,696	96.0
Wagga Wagga	837	94.9	861	93.2	896	96.4

CHILD CARE						
2016 — ABS						
	UNPAID CHILD CARE TO OWN CHILD/ CHILDREN			ILD CARE TO D/ Children		
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%		
NSW	1,194,612	19.6	423,262	6.9		
MPHN	34,939	18.3	14,389	7.5		
Wagga Wagga	10,060	20.2	3,924	7.9		

RISK FACTORS CHILDREN								
2020 — ABS								
	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MALES AGED 2-17 YEARS WHO WERE OVERWEIGHT (BUT NOT OBESE) (MODELLED ESTIMATES)* ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MALES AGED 2-17 YEARS WHO WERE OBESE (MODELLED ESTIMATES)*			ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FEMALES AGED 2-17 YEARS WHO WERE OVERWEIGHT (BUT NOT OBESE) (MODELLED ESTIMATES)*		ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FEMALES AGED 2-17 Years who were obese (Modelled Estimates)*		
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100
NSW	137,863	17.4	59,650	7.5	125,141	16.6	54,849	7.3
MPHN	4,889	18.8	2,866	11.1	4,423	17.7	2,668	10.7
Wagga Wagga	1,464	20.2	796	11.0	1,246	18.1	733	10.7

	VULNERABLE CHILDREN								
	2021 — AEDC								
	DEVELOPMENTALLY VULNERABLE ON ONE OR MORE DOMAINS DEVELOPMENTALLY VULNERABLE ON TWO OR MORE DOMAINS								
	NUMBER		%	NUMBER			%		
NSW	19,067		21.2	9,510			10.5		
MPHN	647		23.5	336			12.2		
Wagga Wagga	190		23.5	105			12.9		
		AND WELLBEING - Lly vulnerable		I AND WELLBEING - Tally at risk			AND WELLBEING - Ally on track		
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUM	BER	%		
NSW	8,513	9.4	11,246	12.4	70,	671	78.1		
MPHN	278	10.1	314	11.4	2,1	68	78.5		
Wagga Wagga	74	9.1	94	11.6	64	4	79.3		
		MPETENCE - Lly vulnerable		SOCIAL COMPETENCE - Developmentally at Risk		SOCIAL COMPETENCE - Developmentally on track			
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUM	IBER	%		
NSW	8,458	9.4	13,175	14.6	68,	789	76.1		
MPHN	293	10.6	396	14.4	2,0	70	75.0		
Wagga Wagga	95	11.7	123	15.1	59	94	73.2		
	EMOTIONAL MATURITY - Developmentally vulnerable			EMOTIONAL MATURITY - Developmentally at Risk		EMOTIONAL MATURITY - Developmentally on Track			
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUM	IBER	%		
NSW	6,550	7.3	12,300	13.7	71,2	203	79.1		
MPHN	235	8.5	424	15.4	2,0	93	76.1		

139

17.2

Wagga Wagga

75

9.3

592

73.4

VULNERABLE CHILDREN 2021 — AEDC					
	LANGUAGE AND COGNITIVE SKILLS (SCHOOLS-BASED) - Developmentally at risk		(SCHOOLS	COGNITIVE SKILLS S-Based) - Ally on Track	
	NUMBER	NUMBER %		%	
NSW	8,092	9.0	76,676	84.9	
MPHN	271	9.8	2,256	81.8	
Wagga Wagga	70	8.6	669	82.4	

	COMMUNICATION SKILLS AND GENERAL KNOWLEDGE - Developmentally at Risk		CHILDREN DEVELOPMENTALLY ON TRACK IN COMMUNICATION DOMAIN		
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
NSW	14,068	15.6	68,741	76.0	
MPHN	377	13.6	2,148	77.8	
Wagga Wagga	97	11.9	639	78.7	

HPV						
2021						
		LES AGED 12-13 YEARS IN MID- Ed dose 3 by 2016	HPV VACCINE COVERAGE: MALES AGED 12-13 YEARS IN MID 2013, WHO RECEIVED DOSE 3 BY 2016			
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%		
NSW	36,127	83.0	35,834	78.2		
MPHN	1,342	87.4	1,313	86.2		
Wagga Wagga	342	79.6	331	80.2		

OLDER PEOPLE

OLDER PERSONS 2016 — ABS					
LIVING ALONE, LIVING ALONE; WITH DISABILITY; 65+ years Low income, 65+ years					
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
NSW	275,196	24.4	29,883	2.6	
MPHN	11,625	25.0	1,088	2.3	
Wagga Wagga	2,301 27.9 226 2.7				
	LIVING ALONE,			WITH DISABILITY;	

		ALONE, Years	LIVING ALONE; WITH DISABILITY; Low income, 85+ years		
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
NSW	52,065	41.8	3,677	2.9	
MPHN	11,625	33.2	85	1.3	
Wagga Wagga	2,301	48.0	21	2.2	

	OLDER PERSONS							
	2016 — ABS							
	PEOPLE WITH A PROFOUND OR S The commun		ERSONS WITH ONE OR MORE Tance is needed, 65+ years					
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	ASR PER 100				
NSW	170,636	14.9	414,338	36.7				
MPHN	5,293	12.3	15,435	35.4				
Wagga Wagga	1,036	11.8	2,773	35.0				

	OLDER PERSONS						
		2018 — ABS					
		NILD CORE ACTIVITY LIMITATION, Delled estimates	PEOPLE WITH SEVERE CORE ACTIVITY LIMITATION, 65+ Years — Modelled Estimates				
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	ASR PER 100			
NSW	234,212	29.5	98,912	11.8			
MPHN	15,650	33.6	6,101	13.0			
Wagga Wagga	2,989	32.4	1,262	13.0			

POPULATION HEALTH

MORTALITY

	MEDIAN AGE OF DEATH						
2016 TO 2020 — ABS							
	MA	ALES	FEMALES				
	NUMBER OF DEATHS	MEDIAN AGE (YEARS)	NUMBER OF DEATHS	MEDIAN AGE (YEARS)			
NSW	138,921	79.0	129,720	85.0			
MPHN	5,976	78.0	5,161	84.0			
Wagga Wagga	1,163	78.0	1,139	85.0			

'Premature mortality' refers to deaths that occur at an age earlier than a selected cut-off. For this analysis, deaths among people aged under 75 are considered premature.

PREMATURE DEATHS						
		2016 TO 2020 — ABS				
	MA	NLES	FEMALES			
	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000		
NSW	54,579	292.0	33,272	178.1		
MPHN	2,426	370.3	1,291	205.8		
Wagga Wagga	506	445.0	298	262.6		

PREMATURE DEATHS BY CAUSE							
		201	16 TO 2020 — ABS				
		ROM CANCER, 4 Years	DEATHS FROM 0 to 74		DEATHS FROM BREAST CANCER (Females), 0 to 74 years		
	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	
NSW	36,591	97.7	7,425	19.8	2,757	14.8	
MPHN	1,451	110.1	265	19.8	104	16.7	
Wagga Wagga	333	147.5	58	25.7	30	26.5	

	DEATHS FROM CIRCULATORY System diseases, o to 74 years		DEATHS FROM Heart D 0 to 74		DEATHS FROM RESPIRATORY System diseases, o to 74 years		DEATHS FROM EXTERNAL Causes, o to 74 years	
	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000
NSW	15,586	41.7	7,338	19.6	6,259	16.7	10,092	27.2
MPHN	680	52.0	340	26.1	305	22.7	451	41.1
Wagga Wagga	142	63.0	72	31.9	44	19.6	99	42.6

	AVOIDABLE DEATHS BY CAUSE							
			2016 TO	2020 — ABS				
	DEATHS FROM SELECTED EXTERNAL CAUSES OF MORTALITY (FALLS; FIRES, BURNS; SUICIDE AND SELF- INFLICTED INJURIES; ETC.) AGED 0 TO 74 YEARS			A SUICIDE AND Ted Injuries 174 Years	DEATHS FROM OTHER EXTERNAL CAUSES OF MORTALITY (TRANSPORT ACCIDENTS; ACCIDENTAL DROWNING AND SUBMERSION; ETC.) AGED 0 TO 74 YEARS NUMBER OF ASR PER NUMBER OF ASR PER			
	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000
NSW	4,738	12.8	4,115	11.1	5,354	14.5	1,678	4.5
MPHN	215	19.4	192	17.9	236	21.7	115	10.5
Wagga Wagga	NW*	23.7	NW*	21.4	NW*	18.9	NW*	6.7

^{*}NW = number withheld due to small sample size causing issues with identification/anonymity.

	DEATHS FROM CANCER, 0 to 74 years			LORECTAL CANCER, 4 years	DEATHS FROM BREAST CANCER (Females), 0 to 74 years		
	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF ASR PER DEATHS 100,000		NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	
NSW	10,601	28.3	3,878	10.4	2,757	14.8	
MPHN	458	35.1	163	12.5	104	16.7	
Wagga Wagga	104	46.1	38	16.9	30	26.5	

		ATHS FROM DIABETES, DE/ 0 to 74 years		I CIRCULATORY Diseases, 4 Years	DEATHS FROM ISCHAEMIC Heart Disease, O to 74 Years		DEATHS FROM Cerebrovascular diseases, 0 to 74 years	
	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF Deaths	ASR PER 100,000
NSW	2,638	7.0	12,557	33.6	7,338	19.6	3,044	8.1
MPHN	118	9.0	557	42.4	340	26.1	110	8.3
Wagga Wagga	29	12.9	112	49.7	72	31.9	21	9.3

Potentially avoidable deaths, a subset of all premature mortality (deaths under 75 years), and include deaths considered to be potentially preventable (those amenable to screening and primary prevention) and potentially treatable (those amenable to therapeutic interventions).

	AVOIDABLE DEATHS BY CAUSE							
		2016 TO 2020 — AB	S					
	DEATHS FROM RESPIRATO 0 to 74		DEATHS FROM CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE, 0 to 74 years					
	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000	NUMBER OF DEATHS	ASR PER 100,000				
NSW	4,128	11.0	3,833	10.2				
MPHN	217	16.0	195	14.2				
Wagga Wagga	Wagga 30 13.4 25 11.2							

HEALTH CONDITIONS

HEALTH CONDITIONS									
	2017 TO 2018 — ABS								
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WITH RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DISEASES WITH ASTHMA PEOPLE WITH CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY BEHAVIOURAL PROBLEMS DISEASE							MENTAL AND		
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	
NSW	1,465,620	18.8	827,910	10.6	175,425	2.2	813,094	20.9	
MPHN	47,533	20.0	31,355	2.5	25,718	21.8			
Wagga Wagga	12,683	20.4	8,365	13.4	1,663	2.7	7,042	22.3	

	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WITH Heart, Stroke and Vascular Disease		ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WITH ARTHRITIS		ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WITH OSTEOPOROSIS	
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100
NSW	385,093	4.9	1,216,498	15.5	334,562	4.2
MPHN	15,044	5.3	52,723	19.2	10,262	3.6
Wagga Wagga	3,370	5.5	12,242	20.3	2,510	4.1

CANCER INCIDENCE					
2014 TO 2018 — NSW CANCER REGISTRY					
	PROSTATE CANCER DSER PER 100,000	BREAST CANCER DSER PER 100,000	BOWEL CANCER DSER PER 100,000	LUNG CANCER Dser per 100,000	MELANOMA Dser per 100,000
NSW	70.8	63.3	37.6	43.1	52.9
MPHN	79.4	65.9	38.8	46.0	56.0
Wagga Wagga	99.0	74.7	43.8	44.4	57.9

MENTAL HEALTH PREVALENCE							
2021 — ABS							
	PEOPLE AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER WHO REPORTED THEY HAD A MENTAL HEALTH CONDITION (INCLUDING DEPRESSION OR ANXIETY)		PEOPLE AGED 0-14 YEAF Had a mental hi (including depres	EALTH CONDITION			
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100			
NSW	617,947	9.4	28,463	1.9			
MPHN	21,873	11.0	1,140	2.4			
Wagga Wagga	6,592	12.2	377	2.7			

Wagga Wagga	6,592 12.2		377	2.7		
2017 TO 2018 — AIHW						
	HIGH OR VERY HIGH PSYCHOLO Kessler 10	AGED 18 YEARS AND OVER WITH OGICAL DISTRESS, BASED ON THE OSCALE (K10) Destimates)	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FEMALES AGED 18 YEARS AND OVE WITH HIGH OR VERY HIGH PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS, BASED The Kessler 10 Scale (K10) (Modelled Estimates)			
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100		
NSW	321,815	10.8	427,731	14.0		
MPHN	9,217	10.3	11,852	13.1		
Wagga Wagga	2,364	10.4	3,211	13.2		
		NT PRESENTATIONS: TOTAL . And Behavioural disorders	ADMISSIONS FOR MENTAL HEALTH RELATED CONDITIONS, PERSONS - ALL HOSPITALS			
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100		
NSW	103,101	1,283.8	2,601	1,077.9		

5,428.7

2,388.8

12,626

1,542

MPHN

Wagga Wagga

DISABILITY							
2016 — ABS							
		TO PERSONS WITH A Bility	PEOPLE WITH A PRO Disability (include Term accom All a	S PEOPLE IN LONG- Modation),	DISABILITY AN	OFOUND OR SEVERE D Living in the Y, all ages	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
NSW	709,415	11.6	398,746	5.6	346,451	4.9	
MPHN	22,985	12.0	12,717	5.7	10,906	4.9	
Wagga Wagga	5,728	11.5	3,013	5.0	2,564	4.2	

SELF ASSESSED HEALTH					
2017 TO 2018 — ABS					
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER WITH FAIR OR POOR SELF-ASSESSED HEALTH					
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100			
NSW	897,768	14.1			
MPHN	31,578	15.3			
Wagga Wagga	7,357	15.0			

1,002.2

1,077.9

89

2,601

CANCER SCREENING							
	2015 TO 2016 — NSW CANCER COUNCIL						
		EENING RATE - 69 years	CERVICAL S Women 20			CREENING - 74 years	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
NSW	900,743	52.8	2,204,749	55.3	512,013	38.3	
MPHN	30,300	53.8	63,082	52.3	18,684	40.7	
Wagga Wagga	6,927	61.6	17,825	56.1	4,268	40.1	

HEALTH BEHAVIOURS

	RISK FACTORS									
	2017 TO 2018 — ABS									
	ESTIMATED POPULATION, AGED 18 YEARS AND OVER, WHO UNDERTOOK LOW, VERY LOW OR NO EXERCISE IN THE PREVIOUS WEEK (MODELLED ESTIMATES)		YEAR	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGED 18 Years and over with adequate fruit Intake (modelled estimates)			ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGED 18 Years and over who had high blood Pressure			
	NUMBER	ASR PE	R 100	N	IUMBER	ASR PER 100) NU	MBER	A	SR PER 100
NSW	3,948,414	65.	.3	3,1	177,806	52.5	1,40	0,529		23.1
MPHN	129,479	70.	.2	9	96,169	51.6	47	7,297		23.6
Wagga Wagga	31,162	66	.7	2	4,309	51.9	11	,063		23.8
	ESTIMATED I Males aged 1 Over who wer (But not	18 YEARS AND E OVERWEIGHT			AND OVER WHO			ESTIMATED NUMBER OF Females aged 18 years and Over who were obese		
	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUME	BER	ASR PER 100	NUMBER	ASR PER 100	NUMB	ER	ASR PER 100
NSW	1,226,016	41.1	952,0	093	32.1	890,104	29.0	917,64	43	29.9
MPHN	38,354	42.5	34,8	377	37.4	27,538	29.6	33,20	57	34.9
Wagga Wagga	9,506	42.2	8,0	57	35.9	7,162	29.7	8,14	5	34.0
		UMBER OF MALE Current Smoke				ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FEMALES AGED 18 YEARS AND OVER WHO WERE CURRENT SMOKERS (MODELLED ESTIMATES)				
	NUM	BER	ļ .	ASR PER	100	NUMBER			ASR PE	R 100
NSW	511,	157		17.2		355,3	337		11.	7
MPHN	18,8	307		21.9)	12,4	99		14	.1
Wagga Wagga	4,3	366		19.3		3,01	10		12.	.6
	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MALES AGED 18 YEARS AND OVEF Who consumed more than two standard Alcoholic Drinks per day on Average (modelled estimates)			LCOHOLIC	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FEMALES AGED 18 YEARS AND OVER WHO CONSUMED MORE THAN TWO STANDARD ALCOHOLIC DRINKS PER DAY ON AVERAGE (MODELLED ESTIMATES)					
	NUM	IBER	ASR PER 10		100	NUME	BER		ASR PE	R 100
NSW	676,	.575		22.7	7	258,3	306		8.	5
MPHN	27,1			29.7	7	10,2			11.	
Wagga Wagga	5,8	329		25.8	3	2,252		9.4		

CRIME STATISTICS						
	2021 — BOSCAR					
	SEXUAL ASSAULT ASR PER 100,000	DOMESTIC ASSAULT ASR PER 100,000	LIQUOR OFFENCES Asr Per 100,000			
NSW	81.1	382.1	106.9			
MPHN	100.8	429.2	197.1			
Wagga Wagga	232.5	600.8	170.1			

CRIME STATISTICS							
	2021 — BOSCAR						
	USE/POSSESS						
	COCAINE ASR PER 100,000	AMPHETAMINES ASR PER 100,000	ECSTASY ASR PER 100,000	CANNABIS ASR PER 100	NARCOTICS ASR PER 100,000		
NSW	270.9	92.2	25.2	217.7	14.2		
MPHN	16.0	96.7	17.2	257.5	2.3		
Wagga Wagga	27.9	92.2	25.24	217.7	14.2		

TECHNICAL NOTES

MPHN LGA DATA PRIORITISATION TOOL

MPHN's Data Prioritisation Tool applies a score based on the LGA result in relation to the state average and Murrumbidgee average results.

A score of zero to four is applied based on the difference between the LGA proportion or Age Standardised Rate (ASR) (see page 25 for explanation) result compared to the NSW average score.

Within the list of LGA scores, a score of one is given to the LGAs with either a higher or lower score than the average for the Murrumbidgee region.

The two scores are summed to give a total score.

To highlight the impacts, colour coding is applied to the range of 0-5 totals of both the NSW and Murrumbidgee averages combined.

MPHN's LGA Data Prioritisation Tool is also applied to socio-demographic variables such as age, gender etc.

MATRIX SCORING SYSTEM COMPARED TO THE NSW AVERAGE							
PROPORTION	ASR (Two digit response)	ASR (Three digit response)	SCORE				
Less than 0 or negative score	Less than 0 or negative score	Less than 0 or negative score	0				
0 and 10%	0 -10	0 - 100	1				
10.1% - 29.9%	11 – 30	101-300	2				
30% - 49.9%	31 - 50	301 - 500	3				
>50%	51 +	501 +	4				
Higher or lower than Murrumbidgee average dependent on orientation of response (positive or negative)							
all values above/below average	1						

IMPACT SCORE					
0	LOW impact				
1					
2					
3					
4					
5	HIGH impact				

The following notes provide a definition for terms used in this report that may not be familiar to readers.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR AREAS (SEIFA)

The SEIFA score in this report is an index score that allows geographical ranking in Australia. The score measures socio-economic advantage and disadvantage, information is obtained from the five-yearly Australian Census.

SEIFA is a group of four indexes, which are used to rank areas broadly by their level of advantage or disadvantage. It consists of four measures:

- · Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage-Disadvantage
- Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage
- Index of Education and Occupation
- Index of Economic Resources

Some examples of variables that are measured and form the indexes are (this is limited, there are more variables that are considered):

- Percentage of low-income households
- Unemployment rate
- Percentage of low-skilled occupations and people without qualifications
- · Percentage of households without a car
- Percentage of people living overcrowded dwellings
- Percentage of people under 70 with a disability
- Percentage of children with jobless parents
- Percentage of people with poor English proficiency

SEIFA scores are expressed on a scale where lower numbers always mean more disadvantage and less advantage, while higher numbers mean less disadvantage and more advantage. They are standardised so that the average for Australia is always close to 1,000.

AGE STANDARDISED RATE (ASR)

A method of adjusting the crude rate to eliminate the effect of differences in population age structures when comparing crude rates for different periods of time, different geographic areas and/or different population sub-groups (e.g. between one year and the next and/or States and Territories, Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations).

Adjustments are usually undertaken for each of the comparison populations against a standard population (rather than adjusting one comparison population to resemble another). Sometimes a comparison population is referred to as a study population.

ASRs are usually used for valid comparisons of rates in different populations, such as incidence rates, prevalence rates, mortality rates and health service utilisation rates.

An example of why they are used is because the numbers of deaths per 100,000 population are influenced by the age distribution of the population. Two populations with the same age-specific mortality rates for a cause of death will have different overall death rates if the age distributions of their populations are different. Age standardized mortality rates adjust for differences in population age distribution by applying the observed age-specific mortality rates for each population to a standard population. The age-standardised mortality rate is a weighted average of the age-specific mortality rates per 100,000 persons, where the weights are the proportions of persons in the corresponding age groups of the standard population.

















